(A Component Unit of San Bernardino County)

San Bernardino, California

## **Annual Financial Report**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024



# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors San Bernardino County San Bernardino County Fire Protection District San Bernardino, California

### **Report on the Audit of Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Bernardino County Fire Protection District (the "District"), a component unit of San Bernardino County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.







Board of Directors San Bernardino County San Bernardino County Fire Protection District San Bernardino, California Page 2

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Pension Plan as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors San Bernardino County San Bernardino County Fire Protection District San Bernardino, California Page 3

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 7, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California

January 7, 2025

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200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707







## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors San Bernardino County San Bernardino County Fire Protection District San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the San Bernardino County Fire Protection District (the "District"), a component unit of San Bernardino County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprises the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2025.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.







Board of Directors San Bernardino County San Bernardino County Fire Protection District San Bernardino, California Page 2

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Santa Ana, California January 7, 2025 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Statement of Net Position

## June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 272,704,624
Taxes and assessments receivable	1,746,676
Accounts receivable, net	4,030,867
Prepaid items Lease receivable - due within one year	16,326,534 193,186
Total current assets	296,111,580
Non-current assets:  Lease receivable - due in more than one year	644,569
Capital assets – not being depreciated  Capital assets – being depreciated or amortized, net	19,585,710 99,508,444
Total capital assets	119,094,154
Total non-current assets	
	119,738,723
Total assets	415,850,303
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	120,549,395
Total deferred outflows of resources	120,549,395
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	4,966,063
Accrued salaries and benefits	9,802,942
Due to other governments	8,862,570
Advances from others	944,613
Accrued interest payable	101,071
Compensated absences – due within one year	7,377,680
Long-term debt – due within one year	1,791,357
Total current liabilities	33,846,296
Non-current liabilities:	44.055.740
Compensated absences – due in more than one year	11,066,519
Long-term debt – due in more than one year  Net pension liability	26,261,538 224,430,028
•	
Total non-current liabilities	261,758,085
Total liabilities	295,604,381
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	834,525
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	44,526,909
Total deferred inflows of resources	45,361,434
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	91,041,259
Restricted	169,365,420
Unrestricted (deficit)	(64,972,796)
Total net position	\$ 195,433,883

## San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Statement of Activities

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Expenses:  Public safety – fire protection and emergency services:  Salaries and benefits  Materials and services  \$	229,318,587 51,204,967 1,661,380 664,665
Salaries and benefits \$ Materials and services	51,204,967 1,661,380 664,665
Materials and services	51,204,967 1,661,380 664,665
	1,661,380 664,665
Intergovernmental	664,665
Transfers to County	10.001.624
Depreciation and amortization expense	10,001,634
Interest expense	414,773
Total expenses	293,266,006
Program revenues:	
Charges for services	76,503,423
Intergovernmental	26,574,979
Claim cost recoveries	519,809
Operating grants and contributions	9,674,459
Total program revenues	113,272,670
Loss from operations	(179,993,336)
General revenues:	
Property taxes	142,143,191
Special assessments	49,866,549
Investment earnings	13,902,151
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(918,324)
Other revenues	2,313,614
Total general revenues	207,307,181
Change in net position	27,313,845
Net position:	
Beginning of year	168,120,038
End of year \$	195,433,883

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

			Special Revenue Funds							
ASSETS		General Fund	S	Mountain Regional ervice Zone		North Desert Regional Service Zone	South Desert Regional Service Zone			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,405,396		\$ 90,405,396		\$	11,927,251	\$	36,697,198	\$	22,830,006
Taxes and assessments receivable		324,407		708,789		934,904		756,017		
Due from other governments		1,711,573		12,995		812		534		
Accounts receivable, net		41,146		-		202,156		-		
Interest receivable		-		18		905		301		
Prepaid items		15,316,188		-		1,010,346		-		
Lease receivable		_		120,773		409,390		59,585		
Total assets	\$	107,798,710	\$	12,769,826	\$	39,255,711	\$	23,646,443		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	2,677,877	\$	37,443	\$	261,601	\$	31,657		
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,695,676		659,750		1,403,862		778,366		
Due to other governments		2,455,487		571,883		342,036		322,297		
Advances from others		-		-		-				
Total liabilities		6,829,040		1,269,076		2,007,499		1,132,320		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Related to leases		_		119,132		412,372		60,112		
Unavailable revenue		29,831		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Total deferred inflows of resources		29,831		119,132		412,372		60,112		
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		15,316,188		-		1,010,346		-		
Restricted		-		11,381,618		35,825,494		22,454,011		
Unassigned		85,623,651		-		-				
Total fund balance		100,939,839		11,381,618		36,835,840		22,454,011		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	107,798,710	\$	12,769,826	\$	39,255,711	\$	23,646,443		

(Continued)

### San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Balance Sheets (Continued)

## Balance Sheets (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Spo	ecial Revenue Funds					
		Valley		Other		Total	
	_	Regional	G	overnmental	G	Sovernmental	
ASSETS	Service Zone			Funds	Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,025,502	\$	28,819,271	\$	272,704,624	
Taxes and assessments receivable		1,285,666		21,084		4,030,867	
Due from other governments		-		20,762		1,746,676	
Accounts receivable, net		865,055		-		1,108,357	
Interest receivable		112		-		1,336	
Prepaid items		-		-		16,326,534	
Lease receivable		248,007				837,755	
Total assets	\$	84,424,342	\$	28,861,117	\$	296,756,149	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	181,919	\$	1,775,566	\$	4,966,063	
Accrued salaries and benefits		4,332,975		932,313		9,802,942	
Due to other governments		3,183,577		1,987,290		8,862,570	
Advances from others		933,949		10,664		944,613	
Total liabilities		8,632,420		4,705,833		24,576,188	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Related to leases		242,909		_		834,525	
Unavailable revenue		-		_		29,831	
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>		242,909		-		864,356	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		-		-		16,326,534	
Restricted		75,549,013		24,155,284		169,365,420	
Unassigned		-		-		85,623,651	
Total fund balance		75,549,013		24,155,284		271,315,605	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	84,424,342	\$	28,861,117	\$	296,756,149	

(Concluded)

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## **San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheets of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2024

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$ 271,315,605
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	29,831
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those assets as capital assets.	119,094,154
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred outflows of resources.	120,549,395
Long-term liabilities of the District are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as fund liabilities accordingly. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position as follows:	
Accrued interest payable	(101,071)
Compensated absences	(18,444,199)
Long-term debt	(28,052,895)
Net pension liability	(224,430,028)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those	
deferred inflows of resources.	(44,526,909)
Total adjustments	(75,881,722)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 195,433,883

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Special Revenue Funds							
	General Fund		Mountain Regional ervice Zone		orth Desert Regional ervice Zone	South Desert Regional Service Zone			
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	\$ 16,015,344	\$	19,239,291	\$	23,202,853	\$	11,014,208		
Special assessments	-		5,791,237		13,963,915		10,374,542		
Charges for services	5,317,919		15,291		6,670,348		47,076		
Intergovernmental	13,756,663		800,000		7,175,000		1,800,000		
Claim cost recoveries	360,617		-		17,918		2,474		
Federal assistance	4,351,785		8,500		4,000		3,500		
State assistance	13,524		-		-		-		
Local assistance	-		-		-		-		
Investment income	4,391,456		627,422		1,986,152		1,374,852		
Other revenues	291,601		332,302		257,157		27,907		
Total revenues	44,498,909		26,814,043		53,277,343	24,644,559			
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Salaries and benefits	18,596,930		18,980,405		36,110,594		18,650,408		
Materials and services	9,963,449		3,757,834		9,038,276		3,252,020		
Intergovernmental	1,053,836		607,544		-		-		
Transfer to County	-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay	37,721,349		343,731		1,357,045		350,199		
Debt service:									
Principal	812,821		175,144		100,364		93,742		
Interest	 139,400		189,925		-		3,346		
Total expenditures	68,287,785		24,054,583		46,606,279		22,349,715		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (23,788,876)		2,759,460		6,671,064		2,294,844		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in	3,613,622		-		-		-		
Transfers out	(4,645,000)		(446,573)		(1,256,850)		(400,720)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	90,500		-		-		-		
Inception of finance purchase agreement	23,527,259		-		-		-		
Inception of lease liability	737,264		-		-		-		
Inception of subscription liability	 18,799				_		-		
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	 23,342,444		(446,573)		(1,256,850)		(400,720)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(446,432)		2,312,887		5,414,214		1,894,124		
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year	 101,386,271		9,068,731		31,421,626		20,559,887		
End of year	\$ 100,939,839	\$	11,381,618	\$	36,835,840	\$	22,454,011		

(Continued)

## San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) **Governmental Funds**

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds		
	Valley Regional Service Zone	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 72,656,927	\$ 14,568	\$ 142,143,191
Special assessments	18,853,519	883,336	49,866,549
Charges for services	44,110,002	20,342,787	76,503,423
Intergovernmental	-	3,043,316	26,574,979
Claim cost recoveries	123	138,677	519,809
Federal assistance	19,500	2,703,069	7,090,354
State assistance	-	116,385	129,909
Local assistance	-	2,454,196	2,454,196
Investment income	4,216,330	1,305,939	13,902,151
Other revenues	47,841	1,356,806	2,313,614
Total revenues	139,904,242	32,359,079	321,498,175
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Salaries and benefits	109,708,622	22,241,606	224,288,565
Materials and services	16,789,970	8,403,418	51,204,967
Intergovernmental	-	-	1,661,380
Transfer to County	-	664,665	664,665
Capital outlay	8,039,612	4,720,757	52,532,693
Debt service:			
Principal	305,000	421,376	1,908,447
Interest	· -	19,617	352,288
Total expenditures	134,843,204	36,471,439	332,613,005
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	5,061,038	(4,112,360)	(11,114,830)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	-	4,645,000	8,258,622
Transfers out	(1,429,304)	(80,175)	(8,258,622)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,900	-	93,400
Inception of finance purchase agreement	-	_	23,527,259
Inception of lease liability	<u>-</u>	_	737,264
Inception of subscription liability	<u>-</u>	_	18,799
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,426,404)	4,564,825	24,376,722
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	3,634,634	452,465	13,261,892
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of year	71,914,379	23,702,819	258,053,713
End of year	\$ 75,549,013	\$ 24,155,284	\$ 271,315,605

(Concluded)

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$ 13,261,892
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	52,532,693
Depreciation and amortization expense	(10,001,634)
Disposal of capital assets	(1,011,724)
Entering into lease agreements and subscription agreements provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(24,283,322)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, those expenses are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds as follows:	
Net change in compensated absences	(1,495,460)
Net change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(3,534,562)
Net change in accrued interest payable	(62,485)
Principal repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. However, principal	
repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in expenses in the statement of activities.	1,908,447
Total adjustments	 14,051,953
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 27,313,845

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Fiduciary Activities Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2024

	State	APSA Surcharge	State	CalARP Service Fee todial Fund	Fa	ounty Fire HazMat Icility Fee Itodial Fund	Ha Pe	nty Fire nzMat ermits dial Fund	Su	nzardous ubstance Storage odial Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	9,039	\$	11,885 93	\$	254,998 1,949	\$	141	\$	44,516	\$ 320,579 2,132
Total assets		9,129		11,978		256,947		141		44,516	322,711
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities		2,822 2,822		5,280 5,280		177,194 177,194		<u>-</u>		16,124 16,124	 201,420 201,420
NET POSITION  Held for other organizations or governments		6,307		6,698		79,753		141		28,392	121,291
Total net position	\$	6,307	\$	6,698	\$	79,753	\$	141	\$	28,392	\$ 121,291

# Fiduciary Activities Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	APSA State Surcharge Custodial Fund		CalARP State Service Fee Custodial Fund		County Fire HazMat Facility Fee Custodial Fund		County Fire HazMat Permits Custodial Fund		Hazardous Substance Storage Custodial Fund		Total	
ADDITIONS:												
Trust transactions	\$	702	\$	100	\$	10,069	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,871
Investment income		476		474		8,696						9,646
Total additions		1,178		574		18,765						20,517
DEDUCTIONS:												
Trust transactions		-		2,260		-		_		5,773		8,033
Total deductions		-		2,260						5,773		8,033
Changes in net position		1,178		(1,686)		18,765		-		(5,773)		12,484
NET POSITION:												
Beginning of year		5,129		8,384		60,988		141		34,165		108,807
End of year	\$	6,307	\$	6,698	\$	79,753	\$	141	\$	28,392	\$	121,291

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Organization and Operations of the Reporting Entity**

The San Bernardino County Fire Protection District (the "District") is a special district located within San Bernardino County (the "County"). The District was established per the San Bernardino County Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) Resolution 2986/2989 (adopted on January 16, 2008), effective July 1, 2008. The Resolution dissolved County Service Area 70, County Fire Administration and transferred all funds to the expanded Yucca Valley Fire Protection District which was renamed in the same resolution that established the District.

The District provides services through administration of four regional service zones and maintains various service contracts. Services provided include fire management, administration, ambulance billing, vehicle maintenance, warehousing, communications, training, fire prevention, hazardous materials, household hazardous waste, information systems, human resources, and fiscal services.

The governmental reporting entity consists of administration, hazardous materials, and four regional service zones and their related ambulance programs. The District is a component unit of the County and is governed by the Board of Directors who are comprised of the County Board of Supervisors.

The four regional service zones are as follows:

### Mountain Regional Service Zone

The Mountain Regional Service Zone provides full-time professional fire protection and paramedic services to the areas of Crest Forest from Stations #25 and #26, Lake Arrowhead from Stations #91, #92, and #94, and Fawnskin from Station #96. Additionally, the service zone supports three paid-call firefighter stations in Angelus Oaks (Station #98), Forest Falls (Station #99), and Green Valley Lake (Station #95). The service zone also provides advanced life support ambulance transportation to the communities of Crest Forest and Lake Arrowhead.

### North Desert Regional Service Zone

The North Desert Regional Service Zone provides full-time professional fire protection and paramedic services to the areas of Spring Valley Lake from Station #22, Lucerne Valley and surrounding areas from Station #8, Silver Lakes / Helendale and surrounding areas from Station #4, Phelan and Pinon Hills from Station #10, Wrightwood Station #14, Baker and the I-15 corridor from Station #53, and the City of Hesperia and surrounding areas from Stations #302, #304, and #305, including two Community Facilities Districts in the unincorporated areas of Hesperia (CFD 94 and CFD 2005). Fire protection services are also provided to the City of Adelanto from Station #322 through a service agreement. Additionally, the service zone supports four paid-call firefighter stations in Oak Hills (Station #40), Harvard (Station #52), Hinkley (Station #56), and Trona (Station #57). The service zone also provides advanced life support ambulance transportation to the communities of Hesperia, Lucerne Valley, Searles Valley, Baker, Phelan, and Wrightwood.

### South Desert Regional Service Zone

The South Desert Regional Service Zone provides full-time professional fire protection and paramedic services to the Town of Yucca Valley and surrounding areas from Stations #41 and #42, Joshua Tree from Station #36, City of Twentynine Palms and surrounding areas from Station #44, City of Needles and surrounding area from Station #32, and Havasu Landing and surrounding areas from Station #18. The service zone also provides advanced life support ambulance transportation to the Yucca Valley and Yucca Mesa areas.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Organization and Operations of the Reporting Entity (Continued)**

### Valley Regional Service Zone

The Valley Regional Service Zone provides full-time professional fire protection and paramedic services to the City of San Bernardino from Stations #221, #222, #224, #226, #227, #228, #229, #231, and #232, City of Upland from Stations #161, #163, and #164, Grand Terrace from Station #23, Devore and surrounding areas from Station #2, San Antonio Heights from Station #12, Muscoy from Station #75, Bloomington from Station #76, Mentone from Station #9, and Oak Glen from Station #555 through an agreement with CAL FIRE. Fire protection services are also provided through service agreements to the City of Fontana Fire Protection District from Stations #71, #72, #73, #74, #77, #78, #79, and #81, and to the San Bernardino International Airport Authority from Station #233 located on the airport grounds. Additionally, the service zone supports the volunteer Mount Baldy Station #200 and provides fire protection and paramedic services to three Community Facilities Districts (CFD) in the City of San Bernardino (CFD 1033), Lytle Creek North (CFD 2006-1), and City of Fontana (CFD 2002-2).

### County-Wide

The District contracts with the City of Adelanto and with the Fontana Fire District, which include provisions for suppression staff, firefighters and administrative staff. Fire, rescue ambulance transportation, and emergency medical services are provided by full-time firefighters, and the Paid-Call Firefighter Programs.

The District also provides the administration and operation of various grant programs.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the San Bernardino County Fire Protection District and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

### **Basis of Presentation**

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standards setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States.

### **Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus**

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been identified.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the activities of the primary government. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements and eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)**

### Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. In the fund financial statements, property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are levied, provided they are due and collected within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Property taxes are recorded as deferred inflows of resources when not received within sixty days after fiscal year-end. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied regardless of when the cash is collected. Charges for services and interest are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period, and recognized as revenue.

The District considers items available if received within nine-months of year end, for voluntary non-exchange transactions such as federal and state grants and government-mandated non-exchange transactions. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The District reports items as deferred inflows of resources when all eligibility requirements are met except for timing requirements or resources recognized as assets that do not meet the availability criterion for recognition as revenue in governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

### Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Mountain Regional Service Zone</u> is used to provide fire, emergency response, and ambulance service to its designated operational area.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)**

### Governmental Funds (Continued):

<u>North Desert Regional Service Zone</u> is used to provide fire, emergency response, and ambulance service to its designated operational area.

<u>South Desert Regional Service Zone</u> is used to provide fire, emergency response, and ambulance service to its designated operational area.

<u>Valley Regional Service Zone</u> is used to provide fire and emergency response service to its designated operational area.

### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The District's Fiduciary Funds include custodial funds that are used to account for State surcharges levied to County businesses for oversight and regulatory services at the State level. These funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net assets) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net assets) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as a revenue until that time.

In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria ("measurable" and "available") are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the Deferred Inflow is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, and amounts deposited in the San Bernardino County Pool (County Pool). Cash and investments are shown at fair value as of June 30, 2024.

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the statement of net position and balance sheet, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)**

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

#### **Property Taxes and Special Assessments**

Secured property taxes and special assessments are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties after December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1, the lien date, and become delinquent with penalties after August 31.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and accounted for as expenses when consumed rather than purchased in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

#### Leases

#### Lessee

The District has a policy to recognize a lease liability and a "right-to-use" lease asset (lease asset) in the financial statements with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a lease term greater than one year. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying assets are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

At the commencement of a lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight—line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the District has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease, plus any option periods that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Leases (Continued)**

#### Lessee (Continued)

• Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise. The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a lease and will remeasure any lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported as "right-to-use" along with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported as long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### Lessor

The District is a lessor for leases of special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. The District recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial Statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District has a policy to recognize a SBITA liability and a right-to-use subscription asset (SBITA asset) in our financial statements with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a subscription term greater than one year.

At the commencement of a subscription, when the subscription asset is placed into service, the SBITA liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Future subscription payments are discounted using the District 's incremental borrowing rate and the District recognizes amortization of the discount on the subscription liability as interest expense in subsequent financial reporting periods.

SBITA assets are measured as the sum of the initial subscription liability, payments made to the SBITA vendor before the commencement of the lease term, and capitalizable implementation costs less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the subscription term.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.
- The subscription term includes the period during which the District has a noncancelable right to use the underlying IT asset. The subscription term also includes periods covered by an option to extend if it is reasonably certain to be exercised.
- Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option years that the District is reasonably certain to exercise. The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a subscription and will remeasure any subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Right-to-use subscription assets are reported along with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported as long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, and equipment, and "right-to-use" assets. Capital assets are reported under the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 or greater are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (an entry price) at the date of donation.

Depreciation and amortization expense is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective classes of capital assets. Equipment under capitalized leases is amortized using the straight-line method over the lesser of minimum lease terms or estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives for computing depreciation/amortization expense are as follows:

Asset Class	Useful Lives					
Structures and improvements	5 - 40 years					
Equipment, software, and vehicles	4 - 15 years					
Lease and subscription assets	Contract term					

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time off, are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are paid on the fund statements but recorded when earned by the employee on the statement of net position. In the event of retirement or termination, an employee is paid 100% of accumulated vacation pay. The District is obligated to pay for a portion or percentage of unused sick leave if an employee works ten or more years continuous District service from date of hire in a regular position and upon retirement, death, or separation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Pension Plan**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense related to pensions, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association ("SBCERA") plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA. For this purpose, employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period the related salaries are earned and become measurable pursuant to formal commitments, statutory or contractual requirements, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, and investments are reported at fair value.

#### **SBCERA**

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retires) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

#### **Fund Balance**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Types Definitions, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Nonspendable fund balance represents items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories and long term receivables, or items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

<u>Restricted</u> — Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balance encompasses the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations imposed by the formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority normally through resolutions, etc., and that remain binding unless rescinded or modified in the same manner. The Board of Supervisors is considered the highest authority for the District.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The District's policy hereby delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the County Administrative Office for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Fund Balance (Continued)**

<u>Unassigned</u> – The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balance. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the general purpose reserve, mandatory contingencies or the uncertainties contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

It is the District's policy to consider committed amounts as being utilized first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Net Position**

Net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by any outstanding debt outstanding against the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position consists of net amount of assets that are not included in the determination of *restricted* or *net investment in capital assets*.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported changes in District net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000 - 29143 of the Government Code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the District prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for capital outlay within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District has implemented the following new GASB Pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 100 - In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Implementation of this statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Description	Activities	iduciary Activities	Total
Cash on hand	\$ 2,080	\$ -	\$ 2,080
Cash pooled with the San Bernardino County Treasury	272,702,544	320,579	 273,023,123
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 272,704,624	\$ 320,579	\$ 273,025,203

Cash and cash equivalents include the cash balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the District's account based upon the District's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period.

The District pools its cash and investments with the County. The District's portion or share of the County's cash and investment pool is reflected on the balance sheet and statement of net position as cash and cash equivalents. The District has no separate investments in the pool and the District's equity in the cash and investment pool is managed by the San Bernardino County Treasury. The District is a component unit of the County and is required to participate in the pool.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits exists when, in the event of a depository financial institution failure, a government may be unable to recover deposits, or recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the California Government Code requires that financial institutions secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

#### San Bernardino County Treasury Pool

California Law and San Bernardino County Treasury Pool Investment Policy (where more restrictive) place limitations on the purchase of investments in the County Pool. The District's investment in the County pool is rated annually and currently has a rating of AAA/V1 from Fitch.

Deposits and withdrawals in the County Treasury are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the District's proportionate share of investments in the County Treasury at June 30, 2024 is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input. At June 30, 2024, the District's balance in the County pool was \$272,702,544 and an additional \$320,579 was held by fiduciary funds.

#### Note 3 – Lease Receivable

The portion of the District's property is Lease to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the District. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 6 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized \$201,295 in lease revenue and \$5,450 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

									Classi	fication		
	F	Balance	Dı	ie within	Du	e in More						
	July 1,	2023	 Additions	D	eletions	June 30, 2024		One Year		Than One Year		
Leases receivable	\$		\$ 1,036,450	\$	(198,695)	\$	837,755	\$	193,186	\$	644,569	

As of June 30, 2024, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

<b>Year Ending</b>							
<b>June 30,</b>	P	Principal		nterest	Total		
2025	\$	193,186	\$	4,705	\$	197,891	
2026		188,873		3,568		192,441	
2027		197,488		2,418		199,906	
2028		191,254		1,232		192,486	
2029		58,113		284		58,397	
2030		8,841		8		8,849	
Total	\$	837,755	\$	12,215	\$	849,970	

As of June 30, 2024, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amortization Schedule						
	\$ 201,920						
2025	Ф	,					
2026		201,926					
2027		186,818					
2028		177,119					
2029		58,019					
2030		8,717					
Total	\$	834,525					

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 4 – Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

				Transfers/	Balance		
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Reclassification	June 30, 2024		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 7,342,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,342,268		
Construction in progress	4,257,457	9,900,253	(426,379)	(1,487,889)	12,243,442		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,599,725	9,900,253	(426,379)	(1,487,889)	19,585,710		
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Improvements to land	3,495,515	1,352	(69,218)	354,727	3,782,376		
Structures and improvements	54,123,862	32,132,603	(20,732)	1,100,387	87,336,120		
Vehicles and heavy equipment	78,837,300	4,672,696	(670,401)	-	82,839,595		
Equipment	13,616,834	5,051,811	(692,626)	32,775	18,008,794		
Software	171,760		(13,360)		158,400		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	150,245,271	41,858,462	(1,466,337)	1,487,889	192,125,285		
Less: accumulated depreciation							
Improvements to land	(1,839,958)	(154,495)	7,384	-	(1,987,069)		
Structures and improvements	(22,345,550)	(1,548,303)	4,483	-	(23,889,370)		
Vehicles and heavy equipment	(58,569,763)	(5,592,294)	670,401	-	(63,491,656)		
Equipment	(5,825,066)	(1,262,424)	190,486	-	(6,897,004)		
Software	(166,638)		8,238		(158,400)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(88,746,975)	(8,557,516)	880,992		(96,423,499)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	61,498,296	33,300,946	(585,345)	1,487,889	95,701,786		
Lease assets - buildings and improvements	3,319,022	755,179	(1,293,195)	-	2,781,006		
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,069,264)	(868,934)	1,293,195		(645,003)		
Total lease assets, being amortized, net	2,249,758	(113,755)		<u> </u>	2,136,003		
Subscription assets	2,710,040	18,799	-	-	2,728,839		
Less: accumulated amortization	(483,000)	(575,184)			(1,058,184)		
Total subscription assets, being amortized, net	2,227,040	(556,385)			1,670,655		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 77,574,819	\$ 42,531,059	\$ (1,011,724)	\$ -	\$ 119,094,154		

#### Note 5 – Advances from Others

At June 30, 2024, the balance of advances from others consisted of the following:

Description	Amount		
City of San Bernardino fire department workers' compensation claims	\$	925,756	
Hazard mitigation fees deposits		18,857	
Total	\$	944,613	

On July 1, 2016, the City of San Bernardino Fire Department was annexed into the District. The San Bernardino Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) and San Bernardino County required that the City of San Bernardino advance fund \$1,336,587 to the District for the City of San Bernardino Fire Department's workers' compensation self-insurance claims payable balance prior to the July 1, 2016 reorganization date. In 2024, \$0 of workers' compensation claims were paid, leaving a balance of \$925,756 as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 6 – Compensated Absences**

Changes in the compensated absences balance for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

				Classification			
Balance			Balance	Due within	Due in More		
July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024	One Year	Than One Year		
\$ 16,948,739	\$ 10,783,931	\$ (9,288,471)	\$ 18,444,199	\$ 7,377,680	\$ 11,066,519		

#### Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term debt payable amounts for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

									Classification				
		Balance	Debt		Debt	Balance		D	Due within		Due in More		
	Jı	ıly 1, 2023	 Issued		Retired		June 30, 2024		One Year		Than One Year		
Direct borrowings and placements	s:												
Loan payable	\$	1,314,600	\$ -	\$	(135,000)	\$	1,179,600	\$	145,200	\$	1,034,400		
Finance purchase agreement		-	23,527,259		(52,483)		23,474,776		602,578		22,872,198		
Lease liability		2,277,988	737,264		(1,129,704)		1,885,548		453,522		1,432,026		
Subscription liability		2,085,432	 18,799		(591,260)		1,512,971		590,057		922,914		
Total	\$	5,678,020	\$ 24,283,322	\$	(1,908,447)	\$	28,052,895	\$	1,791,357	\$	26,261,538		

#### Loan Payable

In August 2010, Crest Forest Fire Protection District (dissolved and annexed into the District effective July 2015) entered into a direct borrowing agreement with Municipal Finance Corporation ("MFC") in the amount of \$2,286,000. The agreement contains (1) a provision that, in the event of default, the District shall remain liable until the amount in default has been fully paid with interest at a rate of 8% per annum, (2) a provision that, in the event of default, MFC may terminate the direct borrowing agreement. The District agrees to pay to MFC all costs, loss or damages occurring payable at the same time and in the same manner of the debt payments. There shall be no right, under any circumstances, to accelerate the debt payments to be immediately due and payable.

The annexation of the Crest Forest Fire Protection District included the assumption of an installment loan with City National Bank. The loan is secured by structures and improvements, bears interest at 5.4% and matures in fiscal year 2031. Principal and interest payments are due on August 1 and February 1. Remaining maturities are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	]	Principal	]	Interest	Total		
2025	\$	145,200	\$	61,765	\$	206,965	
2026		160,500		53,719		214,219	
2027		170,700		44,917		215,617	
2028		185,700		35,500		221,200	
2029		195,700		25,340		221,040	
2030-2031		321,800		17,574		339,374	
Total	\$	1,179,600	\$	238,815	\$	1,418,415	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)**

#### Finance Purchase Agreement

On December 7, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the execution of a lease agreement with Inland Valley Development Agency and Tax-Exempt Financing for a New Headquarters Facility for the District in San Bernardino. The annual lease payment of \$1,900,000 also includes recurring operating expenses and the impact of a one-time, \$8,500,000 partial prepayment of the lease payments that is allowed pursuant to the Lease Agreement. The District has set aside \$8,500,000 in a reserve fund for this purpose. Pursuant to the Lease Agreement, this prepayment must be made within 90 days of the Lease Commencement Date. The rent, paid over the 25-year lease term, plus the District's \$8,500,000 prepayment is equivalent to approximately \$55,900,000. The lease commences upon completion and acceptance of the facility, which occurred on May 6, 2024. This annual lease payment is partially offset by the reduction of costs (\$500,000) from vacating occupancy of prior facilities, for a net increase in costs of \$1,400,000 annually, funded by District revenue. Principal and interest payments are due on the 1st day of each month. Remaining maturities are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,		Principal	 Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 602,578	\$ 808,710	\$	1,411,288		
2026		623,921	787,368		1,411,289	
2027		646,019	765,270		1,411,289	
2028		667,377	743,911		1,411,288	
2029		692,537	718,752		1,411,289	
2030-2034		3,847,045	3,209,397		7,056,442	
2035-2039		4,578,543	2,477,899		7,056,442	
2040-2044		5,448,667	1,607,774		7,056,441	
2045-2049		6,368,089	570,745		6,938,834	
Total	\$	23,474,776	\$ 11,689,826	\$	35,164,602	

#### Lease Liability

The District has entered into leases for the use of equipment and buildings. The terms of the agreements range from 2 to 6 years. The calculated interest rates vary from 0.28% to 4.25% based on the length of the lease. As of June 30, 2024, the capitalized right-to-use assets related to leases were \$2,781,006 and the total lease liability was \$1,885,548, of which \$453,522 is reported as a current liability representing the amount due within the next fiscal year.

The annual debt service requirements of the lease liability are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	]	Principal	]	Interest	Total
2025	\$	453,522	\$	11,327	\$ 464,849
2026		450,052		8,669	458,721
2027		456,282		5,977	462,259
2028		323,646		3,305	326,951
2029		36,492		2,262	38,754
2030-2034		165,554		4,389	169,943
Total	\$	1,885,548	\$	35,929	\$ 1,921,477

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)**

#### Subscription Liability

The District has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for services related to cloud-based software applications, data storage and management services. Under the terms of these arrangements, the District does not take possession of the software at any time and the vendor provides ongoing services for the software's operation. The subscription periods vary, with initial non-cancellable terms ranging from 2 to 5 years. The calculated interest rates vary from 0.19% to 0.55%, which is based on the length of the SBITA and date of the agreement.

As of June 30, 2024, the capitalized right-to-use assets related to SBITAs were \$2,728,839 and the total subscription liability was \$1,512,971, of which \$590,057 is reported as a current liability representing the amount due within the next fiscal year.

The annual debt service requirements of the subscription liability are as follows:

Year Ending	,	n	,	f.44	Tital
June 30,		Principal		Interest	 Total
2025	\$	590,057	\$	19,727	\$ 609,784
2026		560,962		10,514	571,476
2027		361,952		2,280	364,232
Total	\$	1,512,971	\$	32,521	\$ 1,545,492

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District participates in the following County-Wide Retirement Plan. The District contributes to the plan an amount determined by the County.

#### Plan Description

The County provides pension benefits to eligible employees through a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan") administered by the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association ("SBCERA").

The Plan is governed by the SBCERA Board of Retirement (Board) under the provisions of the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 ("CERL") and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 ("PEPRA"). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA is a tax qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SBCERA publishes its own annual comprehensive financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information, which can be obtained by writing to SBCERA, Attention: Fiscal Services Department, 348 W. Hospitality Lane Suite 100, San Bernardino, CA 92408 or visiting their website at www.SBCERA.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided

SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular position, whose service is at least fifty percent of the full standard of hours required is a member of SBCERA and is provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements. The CBRL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General - Tier 1	General - Tier 2	Safety - Tier 1	Safety - Tier 2
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 consecutive months	Highest 36 consecutive months	Highest 12 consecutive months	Highest 36 consecutive months
Normal Retirement Age	The later of age 55 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 55 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 50 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 50 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70
Early Retirement: Years of Service required and/or age eligible for	Age 70 any years 10 years age 50 30 years any age	Age 70 any years 5 years age 52 N/A	Age 70 any years 10 years age 50 20 years any age	Age 70 any years 5 years age 50 N/A
Benefit	At normal retirement age, 2.00% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At age 67, 2.50% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At normal retirement age, 3.00% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At age 57, 2.70% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age 55, increased after 55 up to age 65	Reduced before age 67	Reduced before age 50	Reduced before age 57
Final Average Compensation Limitation	Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)	Government Code Section 7522.10	Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)	Government Code Section 7522.10

An automatic cost of living adjustment is provided to benefit recipients based on changes in the local region Consumer Price Index ("CPI") up to a maximum of 2% per year. Any increase greater than 2% is banked and may be used in years where the CPI is less than 2%. There is a one-time 7% increase at retirement for members hired before August 19, 1975. The Plan also provides disability and death benefits to eligible members and their beneficiaries, respectively. For retired members, the death benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen.

For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to benefits based on the members' years of service or if the death was caused by employment. General members are also eligible for survivor benefits which are payable upon a member's death.

#### **Contributions**

Participating employers and active members are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code Sections 31453.5 and 31454 for participating employers, and Government Code Sections 31621.6, 31639.25, and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article I of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### **Contributions (Continued)**

The contribution rates are adopted yearly based on an annual actuarial valuation, which is conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable, and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

Employee and employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Description	General - Tier 1	General - Tier 2	Safety - Tier 1	Safety - Tier 2
Employee contribution rates	9.17% - 15.82%	9.08%	12.59% - 18.53%	15.77%
Employer contribution rates	25.54%	22.53%	61.93%	53.58%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, The District's contribution to the Plan of \$47,247,097 equaled the actuarially determined required employer contributions.

#### Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, The District reported a liability of \$224,430,028 for its proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the County's net pension liability was based on The District's fiscal year 2023 actual contributions to the County's pension plan relative to the total contributions of the County as a whole. At measurement date June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 11.1669 percent, which was a increase of 0.7655 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized a pension expense of \$50,781,658.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the County's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

		erred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
Description		f Resources	of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	47,247,097	\$	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		38,011,623		31,426,668	
Differences between expected and actual experience	18,462,173		3,775,773		
Changes of assumptions		8,707,018		9,324,468	
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		8,121,484			
Total deferred outflows/inflows of resources	\$	120,549,395	\$	44,526,909	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

## Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The total amount of \$47,247,097 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. The resulting net amount of \$28,775,389 reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Balance
2025	\$ 7,934,406
2026	(12,349,333)
2027	29,040,239
2028	3,863,957
2029	286,120
Total	\$ 28,775,389

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Plan's total pension liability was 7.25% for the year ended June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employer and member contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of returns on the Plan investments of 7.25% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The District's proportion of the County's total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age actuarial cost method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real across-the-board salary	0.50%
Projected salary increases	General: 4.30% to 9.5% and Safety: 4.75% to 10.00%
Cost of living adjustments	2.00% (actual increases contingent upon CPI increases with a 2.00% maximum)
Administrative expenses	0.90% of payroll allocated to both the employer and member based on the components of the total contribution rate (before expenses) for the employer and member.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation were based on the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected generationally with the two-dimensional MP-2021 projection scale. For healthy General members, the General Healthy Retiree rates (increased by 10%) were used. For disabled General members, the Non-Safety Disabled Retiree rates (decreased by 5% for females) were used. For beneficiaries not currently in Pay Status, the General Healthy Retiree rates (increased by 10%) were used. For beneficiaries currently in Pay Status, the General Contingent Survivor rates (increased by 5% for males and 15% for females) were used.

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of the Actuarial Experience Study dated May 24, 2023, which covered the periods from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2022. They are the same assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation, and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin.

The June 30, 2023 target allocation (approved by the SBCERA Board) and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the table as follows:

Investment Type	Investment Classification	Target Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	Domestic Common and Preferred Stock	14.50%	6.00%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	Domestic Common and Preferred Stock	2.50%	6.65%
Developed International Equity	Foreign Common and Preferred Stock	7.00%	7.01%
Emerging Market Equity	Foreign Common and Preferred Stock	6.00%	8.80%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	U.S. Government and Municipals/Domestic Bonds	2.00%	1.97%
High Yield/Credit Strategies	Domestic Bonds/Foreign Bonds	13.00%	6.48%
Emerging Market Debt	Emerging Market Debt	6.00%	4.76%
Real Estate Core	Real Estate	2.50%	3.86%
Real Estate Non-Core	Real Estate	2.50%	5.40%
International Credit	Foreign Alternatives	11.00%	7.10%
Absolute Return	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	7.00%	7.10%
Real Assets	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	6.00%	10.10%
Private Equity	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	18.00%	9.84%
Cash and Equivalents	Short-Term Cash Investment Funds	2.00%	0.63%
Total		100.00%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For actuarial purposes, target allocations only change once every three years based on the triennial actuarial experience study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 -percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1 -percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Disc	ount Rate - 1%	Cur	rent Discount	Disc	ount Rate + 1%
Description	6.25%		Rate 7.25%		8.25%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	374,472,615	\$	224,430,028	\$	101,723,577

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SBCERA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

#### Note 9 – Transfers In/Out

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District made the following inter-fund transfers in and out.

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
	Mountain Regional Service		
General Fund	Zone Special Revenue Fund	\$ 446,573	Administrative cost
	North Desert Regional Service		
General Fund	Zone Special Revenue Fund	1,256,850	Administrative cost
	South Desert Regional Service		
General Fund	Zone Special Revenue Fund	400,720	Administrative cost
	Valley Regional Service		
General Fund	Zone Special Revenue Fund	1,429,304	Administrative cost
	Hazardous Materials		
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	80,175	Administrative cost
	Subtotal	3,613,622	
Emergency Medical Services			
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	4,645,000	Reimbursement claim
	Total	\$ 8,258,622	

#### Note 10 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, general liabilities, workers' compensation, injuries to employees and others, and natural disasters. Through the County, internal service funds are utilized where assets are set aside for claim settlements up to certain limits and the County has obtained excess liability coverage through a combination of insurance policies. No claim settlements have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 11 - Unrestricted (Deficit) Net Position

As of June 30, 2024, the District has an unrestricted net deficit of \$(64,972,796). Due to the nature of the deficit from the net pension liability of \$224,430,028, the District will continue to make its actuarial determined contributions to SBCERA and annually review its outstanding net pension obligation funding requirements for future periods to reduce the deficit position.

#### Note 12 – Fund Balance

The District classifies fund balances, as shown on the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds*, as follows as of June 30, 2024:

Description	General Fund	Mountain Regional Service Zone	North Desert Regional Service Zone	South Desert Regional Service Zone	Valley Other Regional Governmenta Service Zone Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:	<b>*</b> 15.216.100	•	<b>.</b> 1010 246		<b>*</b>	Φ.	# 16.006.504
Prepaid items	\$ 15,316,188	\$ -	\$ 1,010,346	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,326,534
Total nonspendable	15,316,188		1,010,346				16,326,534
Restricted:							
Fire protection	-	11,381,618	35,825,494	22,454,011	75,549,013	-	145,210,136
Hazardous materials	-	-	-	-	-	18,784,911	18,784,911
CFD 2002-2 pass thru	=	-	-	-	-	10,511	10,511
Emergency Medical Services						5,359,862	5,359,862
Total restricted		11,381,618	35,825,494	22,454,011	75,549,013	24,155,284	169,365,420
Unassigned	85,623,651						85,623,651
Total fund balance	\$ 100,939,839	\$ 11,381,618	\$ 36,835,840	\$ 22,454,011	\$ 75,549,013	\$ 24,155,284	\$ 271,315,605

#### Note 13 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	 Governmental Activities		
Net investment in capital assets:			
Capital assets, nondepreciable	\$ 19,585,710		
Capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net	99,508,444		
Long-term debt:			
Loan payable	(1,179,600)		
Finance purchase agreements	(23,474,776)		
Lease liability	(1,885,548)		
Subscription liability	 (1,512,971)		
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 91,041,259		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Note 14 – Related Party Transactions**

#### **County Services**

The District is a component unit of the County and utilizes County departments, services and employees for District operations. For the fiscal year 2024, the County General Fund subsidized the District by \$25,678,528 for its operations, reported as intergovernmental revenue, and the District paid to the County \$36,787,016 for fleet management and transportation, County Administrative Office services, County treasury functions, facility management, human resources, purchasing, risk management, real estate and surveyor services, land use, and salaries including retirement and workers' compensation programs, among others.

#### Consolidated Fire Agencies ("CONFIRE")

Additionally, the District together with five other agencies participates in a joint-powers agreement ("JPA") with the Consolidated Fire Agencies of the East Valley. CONFIRE is governed by its by-laws and has its own board of directors which consists of one representative of the governing board of its member agencies. The member agencies are responsible for providing the funds for CONFIRE's activities in the form of annual member contributions in exchange for a cost-effective cooperative program of fire protection and related functions as mutually agreed upon in the said JPA which shall remain in effect unless terminated by unanimous consent of all signatories. Upon termination the non-grant assets including any surplus cash shall be disposed of in proportion to the contributions made and any grant funded asset shall be disposed of in accordance with federal or state regulation, as applicable. The annual contribution of funds is apportioned based on the number of calls in each agency's jurisdiction over the immediately preceding two-year period. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$7,179,394 to CONFIRE towards its share of funds.

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the latest available information, CONFIRE's audited financial information is as follows:

Current assets	\$ 17,037,063
Noncurrent assets	2,209,757
Deferred outflows of resources	3,231,297
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 22,478,117
Current liabilities	\$ 589,263
Noncurrent liabilities	4,288,498
Deferred inflows of resources	947,715
CONFIRE equity	16,652,641
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and CONFIRE equity	\$ 22,478,117
Total revenues	\$ 14,755,820
Total expenses	(12,509,467)
Change in net position	\$ 2,246,353

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

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## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Adopted Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	nriance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$	15,071,038	\$ 15,071,038	\$ 16,015,344	\$	944,306
Charges for services		3,959,250	3,959,250	5,317,919		1,358,669
Intergovernmental		-	-	13,756,663		13,756,663
Claim cost recoveries		68,000	68,000	360,617		292,617
Federal assistance		1,814,942	2,841,794	4,351,785		1,509,991
State assistance		-	-	13,524		13,524
Investment income		1,320,729	1,320,729	4,391,456		3,070,727
Other revenues			 99,999	291,601		191,602
Total revenues	_	22,233,959	 23,360,810	 44,498,909		21,138,099
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Salaries and benefits		20,363,834	20,363,834	18,596,930		1,766,904
Materials and services		81,744,491	24,144,030	9,963,449		14,180,581
Intergovernmental		1,814,942	1,814,942	1,053,836		761,106
Capital outlay		11,801,946	34,619,333	37,721,349		(3,102,016)
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-	812,821		(812,821)
Interest		-	-	139,400		(139,400)
Total expenditures		115,725,213	80,942,139	68,287,785		12,654,354
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(93,491,254)	(57,581,329)	(23,788,876)		33,792,453
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-	-	3,613,622		3,613,622
Transfers out		-	-	(4,645,000)		(4,645,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-	90,500		90,500
Inception of finance purchase agreement		-	-	23,527,259		23,527,259
Inception of lease liability		-	-	737,264		737,264
Inception of subscription liability			 	18,799		18,799
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>				 23,342,444		23,342,444
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(93,491,254)	\$ (57,581,329)	(446,432)	\$	57,134,897
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				101,386,271		
End of year				\$ 100,939,839		

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Mountain Regional Service Zone For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Adopted Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 18,466,959	\$ 18,466,959	\$ 19,239,291	\$	772,332
Special assessments	5,937,031	5,937,031	5,791,237		(145,794)
Charges for services	47,224	47,224	15,291		(31,933)
Intergovernmental	-	-	800,000		800,000
Federal assistance	-	-	8,500		8,500
Investment income	157,959	157,959	627,422		469,463
Other revenues	 	 -	332,302		332,302
Total revenues	 24,609,173	 24,609,173	 26,814,043		2,204,870
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits	18,980,411	19,021,449	18,980,405		41,044
Materials and services	12,989,061	6,512,103	3,757,834		2,754,269
Intergovernmental	607,544	607,544	607,544		-
Capital outlay	1,012,658	1,179,236	343,731		835,505
Debt service:					
Principal	135,000	135,000	175,144		(40,144)
Interest	121,826	189,926	189,925		1
Total expenditures	33,846,500	27,645,258	24,054,583		3,590,675
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(9,237,327)	(3,036,085)	2,759,460		5,795,545
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	 	 	 (446,573)		(446,573)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		 (446,573)		(446,573)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (9,237,327)	\$ (3,036,085)	2,312,887	\$	5,348,972
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			9,068,731		
End of year			\$ 11,381,618		

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – North Desert Regional Service Zone For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Adopted Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:	 _		 _		
Property taxes	\$ 21,438,884	\$ 21,438,884	\$ 23,202,853	\$	1,763,969
Special assessments	13,892,691	13,892,691	13,963,915		71,224
Charges for services	7,233,228	7,233,228	6,670,348		(562,880)
Intergovernmental	-	-	7,175,000		7,175,000
Claim cost recoveries	-	-	17,918		17,918
Federal assistance	-	-	4,000		4,000
Investment income	417,542	417,542	1,986,152		1,568,610
Other revenues	 64,120	 64,120	 257,157		193,037
Total revenues	 43,046,465	 43,046,465	 53,277,343		10,230,878
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits	37,847,144	37,847,144	36,110,594		1,736,550
Materials and services	27,308,389	11,048,737	9,038,276		2,010,461
Capital outlay	12,930,183	13,440,889	1,357,045		12,083,844
Debt service:					
Principal	 180,652	 180,652	 100,364		80,288
Total expenditures	 78,266,368	 62,517,422	 46,606,279		15,911,143
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(35,219,903)	(19,470,957)	6,671,064		26,142,021
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	 	 -	 (1,256,850)		(1,256,850)
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	 	 -	 (1,256,850)		(1,256,850)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (35,219,903)	\$ (19,470,957)	5,414,214	\$	24,885,171
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			31,421,626		
End of year			\$ 36,835,840		

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – South Desert Regional Service Zone For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Adopted Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 10,181,812	\$ 10,181,812	\$ 11,014,208	\$	832,396
Special assessments	10,452,809	10,452,809	10,374,542		(78,267)
Charges for services	46,572	46,572	47,076		504
Intergovernmental	-	-	1,800,000		1,800,000
Claim cost recoveries	-	-	2,474		2,474
Federal assistance	-	-	3,500		3,500
Investment income	365,582	365,582	1,374,852		1,009,270
Other revenues	 11,518	 11,518	27,907		16,389
Total revenues	21,058,293	21,058,293	24,644,559		3,586,266
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits	17,841,581	18,595,020	18,650,408		(55,388)
Materials and services	13,073,137	4,165,884	3,252,020		913,864
Capital outlay	12,347,292	12,349,137	350,199		11,998,938
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	93,742		(93,742)
Interest	 	 -	3,346		(3,346)
Total expenditures	 43,262,010	 35,110,041	 22,349,715		12,760,326
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(22,203,717)	(14,051,748)	2,294,844		16,346,592
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			(400.720)		(400.720)
Transfers out	 	 	 (400,720)		(400,720)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	 	 (400,720)		(400,720)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (22,203,717)	\$ (14,051,748)	1,894,124	\$	15,945,872
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			20,559,887		
End of year			\$ 22,454,011		

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Valley Regional Service Zone For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Adopted Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:	 _		 		
Property taxes	\$ 67,900,393	\$ 67,900,393	\$ 72,656,927	\$	4,756,534
Special assessments	18,944,147	18,944,147	18,853,519		(90,628)
Charges for services	43,889,675	43,889,675	44,110,002		220,327
Claim cost recoveries	-	-	123		123
Federal assistance	-	-	19,500		19,500
Investment income	1,084,666	1,084,666	4,216,330		3,131,664
Other revenues	 _	 -	 47,841		47,841
Total revenues	 131,818,881	 131,818,881	 139,904,242		8,085,361
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits	106,670,492	110,814,607	109,708,622		1,105,985
Materials and services	56,697,822	18,945,764	16,789,970		2,155,794
Capital outlay	39,185,942	35,642,051	8,039,612		27,602,439
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	305,000		(305,000)
Total expenditures	 202,554,256	165,402,422	134,843,204		30,559,218
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(70,735,375)	(33,583,541)	5,061,038		38,644,579
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	-	-	(1,429,304)		(1,429,304)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 -	 -	 2,900		2,900
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	-	 (1,426,404)		(1,426,404)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (70,735,375)	\$ (33,583,541)	3,634,634	\$	37,218,175
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			71,914,379		
End of year			\$ 75,549,013		

#### San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability Last Ten-Year Schedules

Fiscal Year:	J	une 30, 2024	J	Tune 30, 2023	J	une 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020
Measurement Date:	J	une 30, 2023	]	Tune 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020		une 30, 2019
Proportion of the net pension liability		11.1669%		10.4014%		11.9500%		8.5900%		9.5100%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	224,430,028	\$	202,196,491	\$	127,608,880	\$	285,901,347	\$	211,214,403
Covered payroll	\$	87,207,260	\$	78,471,576	\$	71,454,275	\$	70,310,560	\$	67,556,285
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		257.35%		257.67%		178.59%		406.63%		312.65%
of the total pension liability		85.50%		85.12%		91.19%		71.96%		79.61%
Fiscal Year:	J	une 30, 2019	]	June 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015
Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:		une 30, 2019 une 30, 2018		June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017		une 30, 2017 une 30, 2016		une 30, 2016 une 30, 2015		une 30, 2015 une 30, 2014
						·				
Measurement Date:		une 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		une 30, 2016		une 30, 2015		une 30, 2014
Measurement Date: Proportion of the net pension liability	J	9.6500%	]	9.0700%	J	7.4800%	J	7.4974%	J	7.1200%
Measurement Date: Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	у \$	9.6500% 199,406,747	\$	9.0700% 197,830,431	у \$	nne 30, 2016 7.4800% 153,455,263	у \$	7.4974% 121,705,250	J:	7.1200% 102,437,673

In 2024, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of the 2020 Triennial Actuarial Experience Study, which covered the period from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2022. Amounts reported in 2024 primarily reflect a decrease of 0.25% for inflation rate, an increase of 0.05% of payroll for administrative expenses, and adjustments of projected salary increases and mortality rates to more closely reflect actual experience. Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation were based on the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted Above -Median Mortality Table projected generationally with the two-dimensional MP-2021 projection scale rather than MP-2019 projection scale.

In 2023, there were no changes of assumptions. Amounts reported in 2023 primarily reflect the -2.37% return on the market value of assets during 2021-2022 that was lower than the assumed return of 7.25%. Additionally, the results of the Board adopted Resolution 2020-5 in this valuation reflect the refunds of member contributions previously paid in conjunction with certain pay items for inclusion in compensation earnable, which increased the net pension liability by \$12.3 million.

In 2022, there were no changes of assumptions. Amounts reported in 2022 primarily reflect the 32.61% return on the market value of assets during 2020-2021 that was higher than the assumed return of 7.25% and the changes in benefit terms based on a decision in the Alameda County Deputy Sheriffs' Assn. et al. v. Alameda County Employees' Retirement Assn. litigation issued by the California Supreme Court on July 30, 2020. The Board of Retirement adopted Resolution 2020-5, which detailed the implementation of the Alameda decision including reclassifying certain pay items for inclusion in compensation aimable. The results in this valuation reflect the reclassification of those pay codes, which reduced the Plan's net pension liability by \$132.8 million.

In 2021, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2019. Amounts reported in 2021 primarily reflect a decrease of 0.25% inflation rate, an increase of 0.15% payroll for administrative expenses, and adjustments of projected salary increases and mortality rates to more closely reflect actual experience. Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected generationally with the two-dimensional MP-2019 projection scale.

In 2019 and 2020, there were no changes of assumptions. In 2018, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the three year period of July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2016. Amounts reported in 2018 primarily reflect a decrease of 0.25% for both the investment rate of return and inflation rate, an increase of 0.1% of payroll for administrative expenses, and adjustments of projected salary increases and mortality rates to more closely reflect actual experience. Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the Headcount-Weighted RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table rather than on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, which was used to determine amounts reported prior to 2018.

### San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Pension Plan Last Ten-Year Schedules

Fiscal Year:	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023 <sup>2</sup>	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021 <sup>1</sup>	June 30, 2020
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 47,247,097	\$ 43,440,481	\$ 40,244,266	\$ 34,570,231	\$ 32,684,024
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ (47,247,097)	\$ (43,440,481)	\$ (40,244,266)	\$ (34,570,231)	\$ (32,684,024)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 93,010,564	\$ 87,207,260	\$ 78,471,576	\$ 71,454,275	\$ 70,310,560
Contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll	50.80%	49.81%	51.29%	48.38%	46.49%
Fiscal Year:	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 32,181,381	\$ 27,562,873	\$ 25,267,220	\$ 19,304,654	\$ 16,151,746
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ (32,181,381)	\$ (27,562,873)	\$ (25,267,220)	\$ (19,304,654)	\$ (16,151,746)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 67,556,285	\$ 64,246,603	\$ 57,656,164	\$ 46,035,323	\$ 43,114,236
Contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll	47.64%	42.90%	43.82%	41.93%	37.46%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>2021 Contributions has been revised due to the Plan corrected an error on the 415 replacement benefit plan adjustment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>2023 Contributions has been revised due to the Plan wrote off memo adjustment.

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**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

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#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

*Hazardous Materials Special Revenue Fund* – to account for all services related to oversight and regulation of commercial hazardous materials and household hazardous wastes to all businesses in all cities within the County.

State Homeland Security Grant Special Revenue Fund – to account for State Homeland Security grant transactions. The fund was closed and its activities were transferred to the County on July 1, 2023.

Office of Emergency Services Special Revenue Fund – effective 07/01/2019, OES activity moved to San Bernardino County. The fund remains to account for residual activity for the Office of Emergency Services shown on the San Bernardino County Fire Protection Districts' Report. The fund was closed and its activities were transferred to the County on July 1, 2023.

**Public Safety Power Shutoff Special Revenue Fund** – to account for funds from the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) public power shutoff transactions. The fund was closed and its activities were transferred to the County on July 1, 2023.

Community Facility District 2002-2 Pass Thru Special Revenue Fund – to account for funds received from special assessments on property owners to provide fire, emergency response, and ambulance services in CFD 2002-2.

*Emergency Medical Services Special Revenue Fund* – to account for funds related to emergency medical services, emergency ambulance services, and medical supply distribution.

# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Combining Balance Sheets Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2024

	Hazardous Materials		St	ate Homeland Security Grant	Office of Emergency Services	Public Safety Power Shutoff
ASSETS						
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,119,937	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes and assessments receivable		21,084		-	-	-
Due from other governments		20,762			 	 
Total assets	\$	20,161,783	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	921,065	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued salaries and benefits		377,967		-	-	-
Due to other governments		67,176		-	-	-
Advances from others		10,664			_	
Total liabilities		1,376,872			 	
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		18,784,911			 	
Total fund balance		18,784,911		-	-	-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,161,783	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Combining Balance Sheets (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2024

	Community Facility District 2002-2 Pass Thru		Emergency Medical Services	Total
ASSETS			_	 _
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,511	\$ 8,688,823	\$ 28,819,271
Taxes and assessments receivable		-	-	21,084
Due from other governments				20,762
Total assets	\$	10,511	\$ 8,688,823	\$ 28,861,117
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 854,501	\$ 1,775,566
Accrued salaries and benefits		-	554,346	932,313
Due to other governments		-	1,920,114	1,987,290
Advances from others			 	10,664
Total liabilities			 3,328,961	 4,705,833
Fund Balances:				
Restricted		10,511	5,359,862	24,155,284
Total fund balance		10,511	5,359,862	24,155,284
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,511	\$ 8,688,823	\$ 28,861,117

# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Iazardous Materials	State Homeland Security Grant	Office of Emergency Services	Public Safety Power Shutoff
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 14,568	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	597,597	-	-	-
Charges for services	9,336,364	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Claim cost recoveries	138,677	-	-	-
Federal assistance	7,500	-	-	-
State assistance	116,385	-	-	-
Local assistance	2,454,196	-	-	-
Investment income	1,075,146	-	-	-
Other revenues	1,325,856			
Total revenues	 15,066,289			
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Salaries and benefits	9,677,680	-	-	-
Materials and services	3,559,641	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Transfers to County	_	138,365	29,863	496,437
Capital outlay	807,492	· <u>-</u>	-	· <u>-</u>
Debt service:				
Principal	421,376	-	-	-
Interest	19,617	-	-	-
Total expenditures	14,485,806	138,365	29,863	496,437
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 580,483	(138,365)	(29,863)	(496,437)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	 (80,175)			
Total other financing sources	(80,175)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	500,308	(138,365)	(29,863)	(496,437)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	18,284,603	138,365	29,863	496,437
End of year	\$ 18,784,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Community Facility District 2002-2 Pass Thru			Emergency Medical Services	Total
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 14,568
Special assessments		285,739		-	883,336
Charges for services		-		11,006,423	20,342,787
Intergovernmental		-		3,043,316	3,043,316
Claim cost recoveries		-		-	138,677
Federal assistance		-		2,695,569	2,703,069
State assistance		-		-	116,385
Local assistance		-		-	2,454,196
Investment income		3,541		227,252	1,305,939
Other revenues		_		30,950	1,356,806
Total revenues		289,280		17,003,510	 32,359,079
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Salaries and benefits		-		12,563,926	22,241,606
Materials and services		287,837		4,555,940	8,403,418
Intergovernmental		-		-	-
Transfers to County		_		-	664,665
Capital outlay		-		3,913,265	4,720,757
Debt service:					
Principal		-		-	421,376
Interest		-		-	19,617
Total expenditures		287,837		21,033,131	36,471,439
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,443		(4,029,621)	(4,112,360)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in		-		4,645,000	4,645,000
Transfers out		-		-	(80,175)
Total other financing sources		-		4,645,000	4,564,825
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,443		615,379	452,465
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year		9,068		4,744,483	23,702,819
End of year	\$	10,511	\$	5,359,862	\$ 24,155,284

# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Hazardous Materials Fund Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Adopted Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,568	\$ 14,568
Special assessments	589,393	589,393	597,597	8,204
Charges for services	10,201,000	10,201,000	9,336,364	(864,636)
Claim cost recoveries	155,000	155,000	138,677	(16,323)
Federal assistance	-	-	7,500	7,500
State assistance	125,605	125,605	116,385	(9,220)
Local assistance	2,580,184	2,580,184	2,454,196	(125,988)
Investment income	296,794	296,794	1,075,146	778,352
Other revenues	504,000	504,000	1,325,856	821,856
Total revenues	14,451,976	14,451,976	15,066,289	614,313
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Salaries and benefits	10,612,063	10,612,063	9,677,680	934,383
Materials and services	20,290,220	5,493,280	3,559,641	1,933,639
Capital outlay	769,000	1,382,724	807,492	575,232
Debt service:	,		,	ŕ
Principal	469,648	469,648	421,376	48,272
Interest	1,562	1,562	19,617	(18,055)
Total expenditures	32,142,493	17,959,277	14,485,806	3,473,471
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(17,690,517)	(3,507,301)	580,483	4,087,784
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	_	_	(80,175)	(80,175)
Total other financing sources(uses)			(80,175)	(80,175)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (17,690,517)	\$ (3,507,301)	500,308	\$ 4,007,609
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	ψ (17,070,317)	ψ (5,507,501)	300,308	Ψ +,007,009
FUND BALANCE:			10.204.602	
Beginning of year			18,284,603	
End of year			\$ 18,784,911	

## San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Community Facilities District 2002-2 Pass Thru Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Adopted Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	Ф	262.270	<b>d</b>	2/2 270	ф	205 720	Ф	(76,640)
Special assessments Investment income	\$	362,379 712	\$	362,379 712	\$	285,739 3,541	\$	(76,640) 2,829
Total revenues		363,091		363,091		289,280		(73,811)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:  Materials and services		373,364		309,500		287,837		21,663
Total expenditures		373,364		309,500		287,837		21,663
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(10,273)	\$	53,591		1,443	\$	(52,148)
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year						9,068		
End of year					\$	10,511		

# San Bernardino County Fire Protection District Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Emergency Medical Services Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Adopted Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	8,925,798	\$	8,925,798	\$	11,006,423	\$	2,080,625
Intergovernmental		- 226 112		2 226 112		3,043,316		3,043,316
Federal assistance Investment income		2,236,112		2,236,112 44,144		2,695,569		459,457
Other revenues		44,144		44,144		227,252 30,950		183,108 30,950
		11.206.054		11.206.054				
Total revenues		11,206,054		11,206,054		17,003,510		5,797,456
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Salaries and benefits		12,480,883		11,707,213		12,563,926		(856,713)
Materials and services		6,968,662		5,655,198		4,555,940		1,099,258
Capital outlay		3,645,000		4,826,000		3,913,265		912,735
Total expenditures		23,094,545		22,188,411		21,033,131		1,155,280
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(11,888,491)		(10,982,357)		(4,029,621)		6,952,736
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in						4,645,000		4,645,000
Total other financing sources(uses)						4,645,000		4,645,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(11,888,491)	\$	(10,982,357)		615,379	\$	11,597,736
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						4,744,483		
End of year					\$	5,359,862		